## I. Evaluate or solve the following trigonometric functions

1. sin(55)

2. tan(37)

 $3.\cos(177)$ 

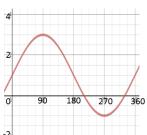
$$4.\cos(x) = 42$$

$$5.3\sin(x) = 195$$

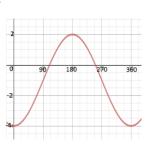
6. 
$$2\tan(x) - 1 = 56$$

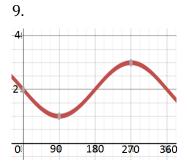
## II. Identify the midline and amplitude from the following graphs. Then write the equation of the curve.



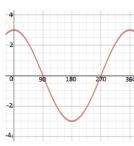


8.





10.



## III: Identify the amplitude and midline from the following equations

11. 
$$y = -\sin(x) + 2$$

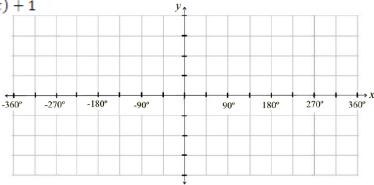
12. 
$$y = 3\cos(x) + 5$$

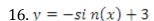
13. 
$$y = -2\sin(x) - 7$$

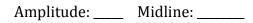
14. 
$$y = 4\cos(x)$$

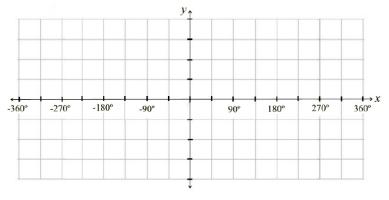
# IV. Graph the following and identify the amplitude and midline of each graph.

15. 
$$y = 2\cos(x) + 1$$









### V. Mixed Triangles: Pythagorean Theorem, SOHCAHTOA Sides and Angles, and Law of Sines and Cosines

Area of a Triangle Formula: 
$$A = \frac{1}{2} ab sin(c)$$

### **AAS and ASA Triangles**

Law of Sines 
$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

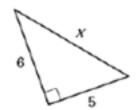
## SSS and SAS Triangles

$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2\alpha c \cdot \cos B$$

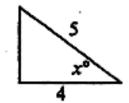
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cdot \cos A$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b - 2ab \cdot \cos C$$

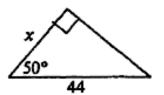
#### 17. Solve for x



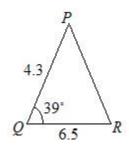
#### 18. Solve for x



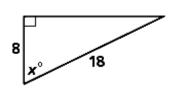
#### 19. Solve for x



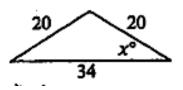
20. Find the area of the  $\Delta$ PQR



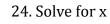
#### 21. Solve for x



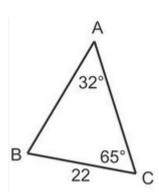
#### 22. Solve for x

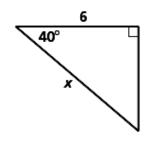


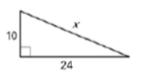
23. Find the length of side AB



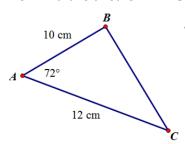
25. Solve for x



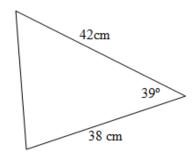




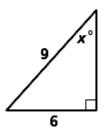
26. Find the area of  $\triangle$ ABC.



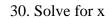
27. Solve for the missing side



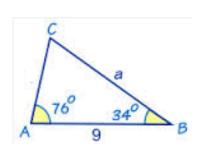
28. Solve for x

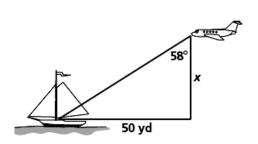


29. Find the measure of side a.



31. Find the area of the triangle.





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32. From the top of a 120 foot tower, an air traffic controller observes an airplane on the runway at an angle of depression of 19°. How far from the base of the tower is the airplane?
33. Find the angle of elevation of the sun when a 12.5 meter tall telephone pole casts an 18 meter long shadow.
34. A 14 foot ladder is used to scale a 13 foot wall. At what angle of elevation must the ladder be situated in order to reach the top of the wall?
35. Then angle of elevation to the top of a building is $41^{\circ}$ when measured at a distance of 115 feet from the base of the building. How tall is the building?